

Environmental Product Declaration

In accordance with ISO 14025:2006 and EN 15804:2012+A2:2019/AC:2021 for:

VELFAC Ribo wood – Top-guided window

from:



Programme:	The International EPD System, www.environdec.com
Programme operator:	EPD International AB
EPD registration number:	S-P-07594
Publication date:	2023-09-15
Valid until:	2028-09-15
	An EPD should provide current information and may be updated if conditions change. The stated









General information

Programme information

Programme:	The International EPD System					
Address:	EPD International AB Box 210 60 SE-100 31 Stockholm Sweden					
Website:	www.environdec.com					
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Accountabilities for PCR, LCA and independent third-party verification

Product Category Rules (PCR)

CEN standard EN 15804 serves as the Core Product Category Rules (PCR)

Product Category Rules (PCR): PCR 2019:14 Construction products (EN 15804:A2) (1.2.5) PCR 2019:14-c-PCR-007 c-PCR-007 Windows and doors (EN 17213) (2020-04-09)

PCR review was conducted by: CEN Technical Committee The review panel may be contacted via the Secretariat www.environdec.com/contact.

Life Cycle Assessment (LCA)

LCA accountability: Tyrens Sverige AB

Third-party verification

Independent third-party verification of the declaration and data, according to ISO 14025:2006, via:

EPD verification by individual verifier

Third-party verifier: Daniel Böckin, Miljögiraff and signature of the third-party verifier

Approved by: The International EPD System

Procedure for follow-up of data during EPD validity involves third party verifier:

🗌 Yes 🛛 🖂 No

The EPD owner has the sole ownership, liability, and responsibility for the EPD.

EPDs within the same product category but registered in different EPD programmes, or not compliant with EN 15804, may not be comparable. For two EPDs to be comparable, they must be based on the same PCR (including the same version number) or be based on fully-aligned PCRs or versions of PCRs; cover products with identical functions, technical performances and use (e.g. identical declared/functional units); have equivalent system boundaries and descriptions of data; apply equivalent data quality requirements, methods of data collection, and allocation methods; apply identical cut-off rules and impact assessment methods (including the same version of characterisation factors); have equivalent content declarations; and be valid at the time of comparison. For further information about comparability, see EN 15804 and ISO 14025.



Company information:

Owner of the EPD: VELFAC, Bygholm Søpark 23,8700 Horsens, Denmark

<u>Contact:</u> Manoli Ly Pederson

Global Product Sustainability Specialist

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Description of the organization:

VELFAC is a leading window manufacturer with experience in window making since early 1940s. We are a proactive and professional window partner who work every day to find the best solutions with our customers, offering them to use our product knowledge, and our industry expertise to specify windows and doors which meets their budget needs, design vision and performance targets.

VELFAC can provide tailored advice and consultancy at every specification stage - from initial design ideas through to post-installation support. We know that the way of living and building in the future require unique solutions, for people to play, live and learn better indoors.

VELFAC is a part of DOVISTA, that is one of the leading manufacturers of facade windows and doors in Europe. DOVISTA is a part of the VKR Group, also the parent company of VELUX.

VELFAC is a trademark used under license by DOVISTA A/S, CVR-no. 21147583.

Product-related or management system-related certifications:

VELFAC window and door systems are third party Q-Mark certified. BM TRADA operates the Q-Mark product certification for construction products, which is based on the Product Certification Standard EN 45011. VELFAC is registered in the BM Trada database under our parent company DOVISTA A/S. In the UK VELFAC windows and doors are compliant with Part Q of the Building Regulations.

Name and location of production site(s):

DOVISTA Polska Sp. z o.o. · Wędkowy · PL-83-115 Swarożyn

Product information:

Product name: VELFAC Ribo wood – Top-guided window



Product description:

The VELFAC Ribo wood top-guided windows are outward opening. VELFAC Ribo wood is a functional and quite simple window system in pinewood. Glazing can be triple-glazed or double-glazed with external aluminium glazing beads - painted in sash colour – to protect the wood sash against rot. The VELFAC Ribo wood system offers both windows and doors, all made to measure and come in a large range of opening functions.

VELFAC Ribo wood is designed to look like typical Danish wood windows from the 1960-1980es, and the window system therefore is ideal for replacing windows in Danish buildings from this period.



The window system is suitable for both new build and window replacement in domestic projects, multi-plot housing and commercial buildings in Denmark, where wood windows are required.

All window and door units are made to measure, drained, and ventilated, and factory finished. They are manufactured in accordance with EN 14351-1:2006 + A2:2016.

Opening functions are tested to and third-party verified for a wide range of conditions including resistance to wind load, watertightness, air permeability, load-bearing capacity of safety devices. Please refer to the Declaration of Performance document (DoP) for the product system and see the performance tested for each specific opening function.

For frames, sashes, mullions, and transoms we use FSC®-certified pine from North European forests, licence code FSC®-C101947.

We use a water-based diffusion open timber surface treatment, system 20KO from Teknos A/S, which is certified by VinduesIndustrien (the Danish Window Industry), and our windows and doors are Danish Indoor Climate certified.

Approach to chemicals (hazardous substances)

We seek to protect the environment and therefore demand our suppliers to secure, that their products comply with relevant law concerning hazardous substances.

Suppliers are required to sign our Code of Conduct and Hazardous Substances Restriction. Please see https://dovista.com/interesseret/leverandoer/

Our Hazardous Substances Restrictions Appendix A list does not allow neither products that contain restricted substances in concentrations that exceed the maximum concentration values listed in applicable Relevant Laws, nor products that exceed the maximum concentration values restricted due to DOVISTA's internal requirements. Please see https://dovista.com/interesseret/leverandoer/hazardous-substances-restriction/

Our Appendix A list, which is regularly updated according to Relevant Laws, contains Material / Chemical substances related to the following regulations and directives:

- REACH Registration, Evaluation and Authorisation of Chemicals (REACH) European Union (1907/2006/EC) (annex XIV, annex XVII and candidate list). The candidate list may be found at (Candidate List of substances of very high concern for Authorisation), please see https://echa.europa.eu/candidate-list-table
- Restrictions of Hazardous Substances (RoHS) European Union (65/2011/EU)
- Battery Directive (2006/66/EC)
- Packaging and Packaging Waste Directive (EU) 2018/852 + (94/62/EC)
- CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (Regulation on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (EC) No 1272/2008)
- Biocidal Product Regulation (528/2012/EU)
- Substances that deplete the ozone layer Regulation (1005/2009/EC)
- Persistent Organic Pollutants Regulation (2019/1021/EU) + (2020/1021/EU)
- Conflict Minerals (EU) 2017/821) + (EU) 2019/821

UN CPC code: 54

Geographical scope:

Module A1 and A2 Material suppliers are Global Module A3 production is located in Poland Module A5, C and D scenarios are for Europe





LCA information:

Functional unit / declared unit: 1 m² window

(Standard size is 1230 x 1480mm)

Reference service life: Not specified

Time representativeness:

The LCA is based on production data from 2021-2022 but is deemed to be representative of an average year of production.

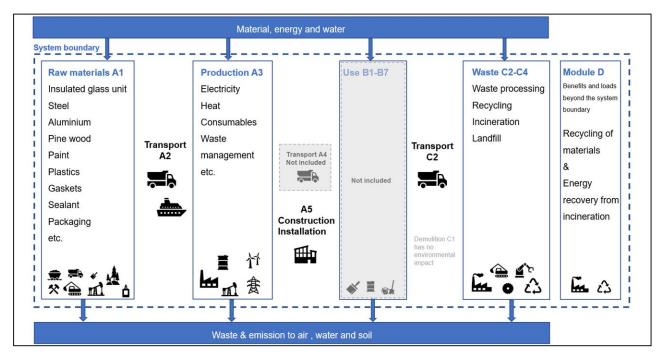
Database(s) and LCA software used:

The LCA software is S imaPro 9.4.0.2 and the database is Ecoinvent 3.9.1. When modeling in Simapro, Ecoinvent data (updated May 2023) has been used for generic data.

Description of system boundaries:

Cradle to gate with module A5, module C and module D (A1 - A3 + A5 + C + D)

System boundaries:





EPD[®]

Production:

Main materials used for production:

- Wood: main raw material used is finger joined and glued pine scantlings supplied by FSC labelled suppliers only.
- Aluminum: extruded profiles are produced in EU; later profiles are either powder coated in Poland or anodized in Denmark or Germany.
- Glass: double or triple glazed units supplied by suppliers in EU.
- Paint: water-based paint that can be tinted to more than 200 colors, incl. clear lacquer.

Around 7% of wood and 15% aluminum becomes waste during the production process. Wood waste is utilized internally in own bio boilers that supply heat for both process and heating needs; Aluminum waste is sent for recycling.

All raw materials are processed in one production facility. Production process consists of 3 main flows:

- Wood production. Wood material is cut to length, profiled, milled, impregnated, painted, and assembled into window+doors frames and sashes.
- Alu production. Aluminum profiles are cut to length, drilled/milled and assembled for mounting to the wood sash and frame.
- Final assembly. Frames and sashes are assembled and glass and alu cladding is mounted into complete windows that are adjusted in a way that prevents the need for further adjustments during installation. Windows are then protected with cardboard corners and packed on wooden pallets, secured by wooden planks. Pallets are wrapped in plastic foil to protect the goods from environmental elements during transport and storage at construction sites.

Produced windows are transported by trucks to distribution centers in Poland and Germany, where they are bundled and sent to final customers.

More information:

LCA practitioners: Anna Pantze, Ida Adolfsson and Emanuel Lindback at Tyrens Sverige AB The basic LCA model is based on a standard size according to c-PCR-007 Windows and doors (EN 17213)

EPD generator 2.0

This EPD is generated with a pre-verified EPD tool. All processes are fixed and variable input data for each window or partio/sliding door i.e constituent material/components (Items) is governed by a menu. The results of the EPD is checked for plausibility. The review of the EPD-generator its constituent processes and the fixed content of the EPD is accepted based on the verification of the tool and the first EPD verification by the tool.

Identification name and version number of the EPD-generator: Dovista EPD-generator 2.0.

Electricity data

Electricity consumption in A3 module (DOVISTA Polska Sp. z o.o. Wedkowy,PL-83-115 Swarozyn) comes from 100% renewable energy according to Certificate RGP STXSERV 2022-08-25 1716 from RGP. RGP declares a renewable energy mix of 99 % wind power and 1% solar. Climate impact for the renewable energy mix is 0,025 kg CO2eq. per kWh (GWP-GHG).

Biogenic carbon calculations

The implementation of Ecoinvent in Simapro makes is necessary to correct the biogenic carbon flows manually in the EPD. Biogenic stored carbon is calculated according to EN 16485. The uptake of biogenic carbon in the products and packaging is reported in module A1-A3. The emission of the biogenic carbon stored in the product is reported in module C and the emission of the biogenic carbon stored in the packaging is reported in module A5, this balance out the biogenic carbon content.

Calculation of biogenic carbon in wood: The wood is assumed to have 12% moisture content and half of the dry wood is carbon, C. Each kg of stored biogenic carbon is equal to 44/12 kg of CO2.



Estimates and assumptions

All transport in A2 and C2 is with EURO V trucks.

In the C module the end-of-life scenario considered is that the window is demounted during the deconstruction process and no separate energy from machine is required for this process. The used window is transported in its entirety to a municipal waste collection and sorting station, the average transport distance from the demolition place to the station is assumed to be 50km.

After demolition of the window:

- 70% of the glazing unit is assumed to be transported 50km to a facility for landfill and disposed. The remaining 30% is transported 50km for material recycling.
- 95% of the aluminum, steel and zinc is assumed to be transported 50km to a facility where its treated (fragmentized and sorted). 5% is assumed to be transported 50km to facility for landfill and disposed.
- 95% of the wood frame is assumed to be transported 50km to a facility where its treated (chipped). 5% is assumed to be transported 50km to facility for landfill and disposed (chipped).

For calculations in Module D following assumptions have been made:

- The energy recovery from wood is replacing energy heat production mix of Europe with 25% Coal, 40% natural Gas and 35% renewable and biofuels (European commission, 2019).
- The recycled steel and aluminum are replacing production of primary steel and aluminum.

Background data

The data quality of the background data is considered good. The assessment considers all available data from the production process, including all raw materials and auxiliary materials used as well as the energy consumption in relation to available Ecoinvent 3.9.1 datasets and EPDs.

EPD used for background data:

EPD Pressglas, Insulating glass units Double and triple glass configurations. M-EPD-MIG-GB-002036 EPD Pilkington, Insulating glass units Double and triple glass configurations. M-EPD-MIG-GB-002034 TEKNOS EPD, Water-borne varnishes and furniture paints and coatings. RTS_15_18 RTS Building Information EPD Mill finished and fabricated aluminum profiles S-P-06710 EPD Barrus, Finger-jointed laminated wood profile, EPD HUB, EPD number 0100

Data quality

When modeling in Simapro, Ecoinvent data (updated May 2023) has been used for generic data. The database is considered to be of high quality. For some material supplier's product specific and third party verified EPDs has been used. The EPDs used is of high quality

Impact assessments methods

Potential environmental impacts are calculated with Environmental Footprint 3.0 method as implemented in SimaPro, EN 15804 +A2 V1.00 / EF 3.0 normalization and weighting set. Resource use values are calculated from Cumulative Energy Demand V 1.11. An extra method was chosen for assessing the potential impact on the climate, calculated according to the old standard EN 15804+A1, it is called climate change potential (GWP-GHG) according to the program operator EPD international.





Modules declared, geographical scope, share of specific data (in GWP-GHG results) and data variation (in GWP-GHG results):

	Proc	duct st	age		ruction ss stage	Use stage			End of life stage			Resource recovery stage					
	Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport	Construction installation	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse-Recovery-Recycling- potential
Module	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	СЗ	C4	D
Modules declared	х	x	х	ND	x	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	х	x	х	x	x
Geography	GLO	GLO	PL	ND	EU	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	EU	EU	EU	EU	EU
Specific data used	>90%		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Variation - products	not relevant		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Variation - sites		r	not rel	evant		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Content information

Product component	Weight (kg)	Post-consumer material, weight - %	Biogenic material, weight - % and kg C/ kg
Insulated Glass unit	22.07	0%	
Wood	10.32	0%	100% and 0.44 kg C / kg
Steel & Metals	1.42	19-26 %	
Aluminium	0.44	0-7.3 %	
Plastics	0.28	0%	
Paint	1.15	0%	
EPDM	0.32	0%	
Sealant and Glue	0.08	0%	
TOTAL	36.08		
Packaging materials	Weight (kg)	Post-consumer material, weight - %	Biogenic material, weight - % and kg C/ kg
Packaging plastic	0.08	0.22%	
Packaging wood	2.10	5.82%	100% and 0.44 kg C / kg $$
Packaging Cardboard and Paper	0.16	0.44%	
Packaging Steel	0.02	0.04%	
TOTAL	2.36	6.53%	

Dangerous substances from the candidate list of SVHC for Authorisation	EC No.	CAS No.	Weight-% per functional or declared unit
Not relevant	-	-	-

Environmental Information

Potential environmental impact - mandatory indicators according to EN 15804

Results per 1 m ² window												
Indicator	A1-A3	A5	C1	C2	СЗ	C4	D					
GWP-Total [kg CO2 eq.]	3.26E+01	3.42E+00	0	5.71E-01	2.23E+01	1.23E+00	-1.62E+01					
GWP-Fossil [kg CO2 eq.]	5.67E+01	2.85E-02	0	5.69E-01	1.63E-01	7.00E-02	-1.86E+01					
GWP-Biogenic [kg CO2 eq.]	-2.58E+01	3.39E+00	0	1.51E-03	2.21E+01	1.16E+00	2.48E+00					
GWP- luluc [kg CO2 eq]	1.56E+00	8.74E-06	0	2.24E-04	2.24E-04	1.60E-05	-6.16E-02					
ODP [kg CFC 11 eq.]	2.92E-06	5.80E-09	0	1.32E-07	1.76E-08	3.54E-08	-1.50E-06					
AP [mol H(+) eq.]	5.90E-01	7.00E-04	0	2.31E-03	8.03E-04	6.85E-04	-1.26E-01					
EP - freshwater [kg P eq.]	2.02E-02	2.09E-06	0	3.67E-05	3.32E-05	4.06E-06	-4.89E-03					
EP-marine [kg N eq.]	5.01E-02	3.20E-04	0	6.96E-04	3.68E-04	2.57E-04	-1.39E-02					
EP - terrestrial [mol N eq.]	4.91E-01	3.71E-03	0	7.61E-03	2.93E-03	2.82E-03	-1.55E-01					
POCP [kg NMVOC eq.]	1.54E-01	9.84E-04	0	2.33E-03	8.40E-04	8.10E-04	-4.68E-02					
ADP-minerals & metals* [kg Sb eq.]	2.14E-03	8.85E-08	0	1.98E-06	1.61E-06	1.40E-07	-8.92E-05					
ADP - fossil* [MJ]	9.32E+02	4.43E-01	0	8.61E+00	1.60E+00	2.32E+00	-2.21E+02					
WDP* [m3]	1.35E+01	4.43E-02	0	3.87E-02	5.48E-02	1.21E-01	-6.63E+00					

 GWP-total= Global Warming Potential total; GWP-fossil = Global Warming Potential fossil fuels; GWP-biogenic = Global Warming

 Potential biogenic; GWP-luluc = Global Warming Potential land use and land use change; ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; AP = Acidification potential, Accumulated Exceedance; EP-freshwater = Eutrophication potential, fraction of nutrients

 Acronyms
 reaching freshwater end compartment; EP-marine = Eutrophication potential, fraction of nutrients reaching marine end compartment; EP-terrestrial = Eutrophication potential, Accumulated Exceedance; POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone; ADP-minerals&metals = Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources; ADP-fossil = Abiotic depletion for fossil resources potential; WDP = Water (user) deprivation potential, deprivation-weighted water consumption

* Disclaimer: The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties of these results are high or as there is limited experience with the indicator.





Potential environmental impact - additional mandatory and voluntary indicators

Results per 1 m ² window											
Indicator	A1-A3	A5	C1	C2	СЗ	C4	D				
GWP - GHG [kg CO2 eq.]	5.67E+01	2.83E-02	0	5.65E-01	2.26E-01	7.02E-02	-1.83E+01				

Use of resources

		Re	esults per ²	1 m² window	I		
Indicator	A1-A3	A5	C1	C2	СЗ	C4	D
PERE [MJ]	6.20E+02	5.68E-03	0	1.21E-01	1.08E-01	4.68E-02	9.84E+01
PERM [MJ]	2.90E+02	0	0	0	0	0	0
PERT [MJ]	9.09E+02	5.68E-03	0	1.21E-01	1.08E-01	4.68E-02	9.84E+01
PENRE [MJ]	9.74E+02	4.77E-01	0	9.14E+00	1.70E+00	2.46E+00	-2.38E+02
PENRM [MJ]	3.63E+01	0	0	0	0	0	0
PENRT [MJ]	1.01E+03	4.77E-01	0	9.14E+00	1.70E+00	2.46E+00	-2.38E+02
SM [kg]	2.88E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0
RSF [MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NRSF [MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FW [m3]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0



PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources; PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRT = Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRT = Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; FW = Use of net fresh water



Waste production and output flows

Waste production

Results per 1 m ² window										
Indicator	A1-A3	A5	C1	C2	СЗ	C4	D			
Hazardous waste disposed [kg]	6.83E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Non-hazardous waste disposed [kg]	2.90E+01	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Radioactive waste disposed [kg]	1.22E-02	0	0	0	0	0	0			

Output flows

Results per 1 m ² window											
Indicator	A1-A3	A5	C1	C2	СЗ	C4	D				
Components for re-use [kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
Material for recycling [kg]	3.34E+00	0	0	0	8.40E+00	0	0				
Material for energy recovery [kg]	4.67E-01	0	0	0	1.04E+01	0	0				
Exported energy, electricity [MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
Exported energy, thermal [MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				





Additional information

Conversion factor: Standard size is 1230 x 1480mm and the weight of the window is 36.08 kg per m^2

References

Ecoinvent, < https://ecoinvent.org/the-ecoinvent-database/ >

General Programme Instructions of the International EPD System. Version 4.0.

LCA report EPD-GENERATOR 2.0 (2023-03-16)

PCR 2019:14 Construction products (EN 15804:A2) (1.2.4)

PCR 2019:14-c-PCR-007 c-PCR-007 Windows and doors (EN 17213) (2020-04-09)

SIS (2020). EN 17213:2020, Windows and doors - Environmental Product Declarations - Product category rules for windows and pedestrian doorsets. Svenska Institutet for Standarder.

SIS (2021). EN 15804:2012+A2:2019, Sustainability of construction works - Environmental product declarations - Core rules for the product category of construction products. Svenska Institutet for Standarder.