

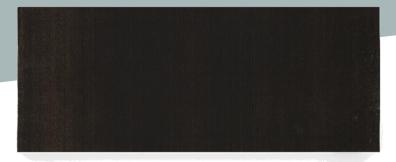


Owner: No.: Issued: Valid to:

MD-23004-EN 30-06-2023 30-06-2028

3rd PARTY VERIFIED

VERIFIED ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION | ISO 14025 & EN 15804









Owner of declaration Imperbel NV/SA

Chaussée de Wavre 67, 1360 Perwez BE 0400.484.591

Programme

EPD Danmark www.epddanmark.dk

□ Industry EPD ☑ Product EPD

Declared product(s) Derbicoat NT

Number of declared datasets/product variations: 1

Production site Perwez, Belgium

Renewable electricity is used in A3 (production).

Product(s) use Bituminous vapour barrier and roofing material

Declared/ functional unit

Functional unit: 1 m² installed vapor barrier, from cradle-to-grave, with activities needed for a study period of 50 years for the building

Year of production site data (A3) 2021

EPD version First version



Issued: 30-06-2023

Valid to: 30-06-2028

Basis of calculation

This EPD is developed in accordance with the European standard EN 15804+A2.

Comparability

EPDs of construction products may not be comparable if they do not comply with the requirements in EN 15804. EPD data may not be comparable if the datasets used are not developed in accordance with EN 15804 and if the background systems are not based on the same database.

Validity

This EPD has been verified in accordance with ISO 14025 and is valid for 5 years from the date of issue.

Use

The intended use of an EPD is to communicate scientifically based environmental information for construction products, for the purpose of assessing the environmental performance of buildings.

EPD type

□Cradle-to-gate with modules C1-C4 and D □Cradle-to-gate with options, modules C1-C4 and D ⊠Cradle-to-grave and module D □Cradle-to-gate □Cradle-to-gate with options

CEN standard EN 15804 serves as the core PCR

Independent verification of the declaration and data, according to EN ISO 14025

⊠ external

internal

Third party verifier:



Martha Katrine Sørensen EPD Danmark

Life	ife cycle stages and modules (MND = module not declared)															
	Product Construction process				Use					End of life			Beyond the system boundary			
Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport	Installation process	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Re-use, recovery and recycling potential
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	x





Product information

Product description

Derbicoat NT is a bituminous vapour barrier. The layer is applied loose laid, torched in the overlaps. Alternatively, Derbicoat NT could also be used as base sheet in conjunction with other layers (not assessed in this study).

Derbicoat NT partly consists of bitumen extracted from recycled cutting waste from installing bituminous waterproofing membranes and used bituminous roofing membranes. The main product components are shown in the table below.

Material	Weight-% of declared product
Bitumen, virgin	36 %
Bitumen, recycled	17 %
Polymers	6 %
Filler	31 %
Reinforcements	6 %
Surfacing	4 %

Product packaging:

The different packaging materials weight in total 0.01 kg/m^2 . The composition of the sales- and transport packaging of the product is shown in the table below.

Material	Weight-% of packaging
Tapes and Labelling	2%
Plastic wrapping	55%
Corrugated fibreboard box	5%
Pallet	37%

Representativity

This declaration, including data collection and the modelled foreground system including results, represents the production of one square meter Derbicoat NT bitumen roof waterproofing system on the production site located in Perwez, Belgium. **Picture of product(s)**



The product specific data, covering the production process and packaging of the products, as well as supplier location and information on inbound transport, has been collected for the year 2021. Allocation of manufacturing data is based on the factory data from 2021 and allocated both based on the blend weight and production process specific parameters.

Hazardous substances

Derbicoat NT contain substances listed on the "Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for authorisation" in a concentration lower than 0.1% w/w.

(<u>http://echa.europa.eu/candidate-list-table</u>)

Essential characteristics

The modified bituminous roofing membrane is covered by harmonized technical specification EN13770:2004+A2:2009. Declaration of performance according to EU regulation 305/2011 is available for the declared product.

The product has a technical service life of 50 years.

Further technical information can be obtained by contacting the manufacturer or on the manufacturer's website: www.derbigum.com/

Reference Service Life (RSL)

The reference service life of the building is set to 50 years.

The Derbicoat NT product system is as vapour barrier integrated into the walls and expected to fulfil its function for the entirety of its installation, thus no replacement is expected for the Derbicoat NT product system.







LCA background

Functional unit

The <u>functional unit</u> is defined as: "1 m² installed roof waterproofing, from cradle-to-grave, with activities needed for a study period of 50 years for the building". The weight of the functional unit thus includes the production per square metre (3.06 kg/ m²) in the modules A1-A3, the production of an estimated 11% overlap-joint needed for waterproof installation (0.34 kg/m²) in the modules A1-A3 and installation wastage (0.03 kg/m²) in the module A5.

Name	Value	Unit
Functional unit	1	m ² installed roof waterproofing during 50 years
Weight per unit	3.43 (A1-A5)	kg/m²
Conversion factor to 1 kg	0.29	m²/kg

PCR

This EPD is developed according to the core rules for the product category of construction products in EN 15804:2012+A2:2019, and NPCR 022 version 2.0 (PCR – Part B for roof waterproofing), referred to as reference PCR. The reference PCR suggests an RSL of 60 years. To reflect Danish calculation rules, according to LCAbyg, this was changed to 50 years.

Guarantee of Origin – certificates

Foreground system:

The product is produced using electricity from renewable sources in Belgium, substantiated by a Guarantee of Origin. Other energy inputs, i.e., natural gas, propane and diesel are used for thermal energy and is modelled using a European consumption mix.





System boundary

This is a product specific EPD with results per functional unit. The LCA study per functional unit uses a cradle-to-grave and module D system boundary. The LCA accounts for 100 product-weight-%.

The cut-off criteria, meaning the general rules for the exclusion of inputs and outputs, follows the requirements in EN 15804, 6.3.6, where the total of neglected input flows per module shall be a maximum of 5 % of energy usage and mass and 1 % of renewable and non-renewable primary energy usage and mass for unit processes. The application of cut-off criteria is described below.

Excluded processes:

In addition to the processes explicitly excluded from the system boundary by EN 15804 and the reference PCR, the following exclusions have been made based on the cut-off criteria:

 Production and waste management of packaging materials used for incoming raw materials to Derbigum. This is assessed to fall well under the cut-off rules, as the total incoming packaging material is of marginal weight in comparison to the weight of the delivered (bulk) raw material.

Product stage (A1-A3) includes:

A1 – Raw material supply

Module A1 comprises impacts from extraction and processing of raw materials including bitumen, polymers, reinforcements (glass- and polyester fiber), fillers, etc. The module also includes the production of purchased electricity used at the Derbigum production site. The recycling process of secondary raw materials used in the product is also included in module A1.

A2 – Transport (to the production site)

Module A2 comprises impacts from transportation of raw materials to the Derbigum production site, which includes extraction and production of the fuels as well as the combustion of the fuel during the transportation.

A3 – Manufacturing

Module A3 includes the manufacturing of the final product, production of outgoing packaging,

combustion of fuels on site (natural gas, diesel, and propane), as well as end-of-life treatment of waste generated during manufacturing. Inflows and outflows of water that is used in the manufacturing is also included as well as the wastewater treatment.

The LCA results are declared in aggregated form for the product stage, which means that the submodules A1, A2 and A3 are declared as one module A1-A3. The results in A1-A3 include the production of 1 m² waterproofing (3.06 kg/m^2) as well as the production of an estimated 11% overlap-joint needed for waterproof installation (0.34 kg/m^2).

Construction process stage (A4-A5) includes:

A4 – Transport

Module A4 includes impacts from transportation of the finished product to an assumed installation site in Denmark. The distance is modelled as a distance from the manufacturing site in Perwez to a specific storage location in Denmark plus a transport distance from the storage location to a building site (300 km, default value from the NPCR). The module includes extraction of the fuels and the combustion of the fuel during the transport.

A5 – Construction installation process

Module A5 represents installation of the product to the building at the installation site. The module includes additional production processes to compensate for the loss of wastage of products during installation (1% losses). It also includes production and combustion of propane for torching. Waste from the installation is classified as materials for recycling (95%) and waste for incineration (5%), in accordance with Derbigums international internal statistics and experience. Impacts from these waste management processes are included in module A5 whereas potential benefits are reported in module D.





Use stage (B1-B7) includes:

B1 – Use

No impacts from use have been included in accordance with the default values provided in the reference PCR.

B2 – Maintenance

No impacts from maintenance have been included in accordance with the default values provided in the reference PCR.

B3 – Repair

No impacts from repair have been included in accordance with the default values provided in the reference PCR. Planned replacement is accounted for in module B4 as required by the reference PCR.

B4 – Replacement

No impacts from replacement have been included since the product is expected to fulfill its function for 50 years and thus no replacement is needed.

B5 – Refurbishment

No impacts from the refurbishment have been included in accordance with the default values provided in the reference PCR. Planned replacement is accounted for in B4 as required by the reference PCR.

B6 – Operational energy use

The vapour barrier system does not require energy to operate and therefore no operational energy use is included.

B7 - Operational water use

The vapour barrier system does not require water to operate, there is therefore no operational water use for either of the product systems.

End of Life (C1-C4) includes:

All of Derbigums bitumen sheets sold on the Danish market come with a "take back" guarantee incentivizing recycling. This recycling is seen as the only relevant common practice for waste treatment.

The recycling scenario is assumed to consist of 95% for material recycling and the remaining 5% to incineration for energy recovery in Denmark. (The scenario shall represent the situation if 100% of the roof shall be recycled but incorporates the in reality observed inefficiency of

that process, i.e., including collection and sorting loss, compare CEN/TR 16970:2016 ch. 6.3.8)

C1 - De-construction, demolition

De-construction of the waterproofing sheet was assumed to be done manually, and thus not require any processes with an environmental impact.

C2 – Transport (to waste processing)

Comprises impacts from transportation of the deconstructed products after 50 years to the waste processing (incineration or recycling site).

C3 – Waste processing

Module C3 consists of the waste processing steps of the bitumen sheets at the end-of-life, representing the recycling of the bitumen sheets.

Emissions from the incinerated materials in Denmark are reported in module C3 and the benefits from heat and electricity generation are carried forward to module D. These outflows from module C3 are recorded in the result tables as "exported electrical energy" (EEE) for exported electricity, "exported thermal energy" (EET) for heat, "materials for recycling" (MFR) for materials that are recycled.

The recycling of the decommissioned roofing material produced is not processed within the system boundaries since it is collected by Derbigum for recycling. The decommissioned roofing material is judged to reach an end-ofwaste state when it arrives at the Derbigum site in Perwez, Belgium. Hence, the waste flow is reported as materials for recycling in C3, but the burden from the recycling process and the benefits from replacing material is recorded in module D.

C4 – Disposal

Ashes and other remains after incineration are reported in stage C4.





Re-use, recovery and recycling potential (D) includes:

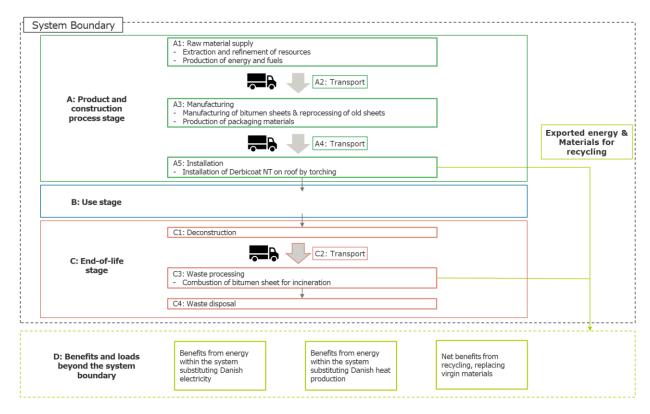
Module D includes recovery and/or recycling potential, expressed as net impact and benefits.

In this study material and energy flows (heat and electricity) enters module D from different modules:

- the bitumen waste material (trimmings) produced in module A5 that is sent to recycling,
- energy flows from incineration of bitumen waste material (trimmings) produced in module A5
- energy flows from incineration of packaging in module A5
- bitumen waste material from C-module that is sent to recycling
- energy flows from incineration of bitumen waste material from C-module that is sent to incineration with energy recovery

When bitumen sheets are sent to recycling throughout the modules, the burden from the recycling process and the net benefit of this recycling is reported in module D. The net benefit consists of the virgin material in the bitumen sheet replacing alternative material production.

When the product is incinerated the burdens of the incineration are reported in the respective originating modules (modules A5 and C3). The produced energy (heat and electricity) is recovered and assumed to replace the heat and electricity that would otherwise have been produced from other sources. This benefit is reported in module D.



Flowdiagram



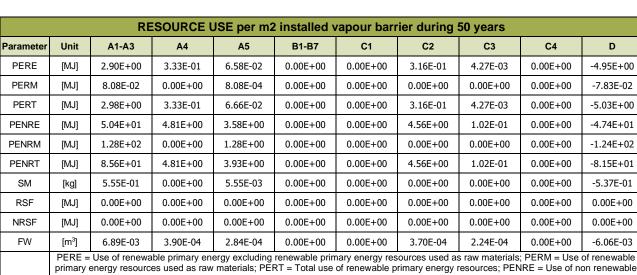
LCA results per functional unit

Results per functional unit.

_	ENVIR	ONMENT	AL IMPAC	TS per m	2 installed	vapour b	arrier duri	ng 50 yea	rs	
Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP-total	[kg CO2 eq.]	1.58E+00	3.61E-01	1.89E-01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	3.42E-01	4.06E-01	0.00E+00	-1.08E+00
GWP-fossil	[kg CO ₂ eq.]	1.57E+00	3.57E-01	1.80E-01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	3.38E-01	4.06E-01	0.00E+00	-1.09E+00
GWP-biogenic	[kg CO2 eq.]	1.30E-02	1.50E-03	8.93E-03	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.42E-03	6.21E-05	0.00E+00	8.20E-03
GWP-luluc	[kg CO2 eq.]	9.35E-04	2.44E-03	6.57E-05	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.31E-03	8.76E-06	0.00E+00	-3.75E-04
ODP	[kg CFC 11 eq.]	2.99E-08	4.46E-14	9.46E-09	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	4.24E-14	1.78E-09	0.00E+00	-1.04E-08
AP	[mol H ⁺ eq.]	4.58E-03	6.17E-04	4.09E-04	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	5.85E-04	1.44E-04	0.00E+00	-1.11E-03
EP-freshwater	[kg PO4 eq.]	3.80E-05	1.29E-06	9.58E-06	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.23E-06	1.89E-06	0.00E+00	-2.53E-05
EP-marine	[kg N eq.]	1.31E-03	2.45E-04	1.12E-04	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.33E-04	4.17E-05	0.00E+00	-2.75E-04
EP-terrestrial	[mol N eq.]	1.44E-02	2.78E-03	1.22E-03	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.64E-03	3.85E-04	0.00E+00	-4.90E-04
POCP	[kg NMVOC eq.]	5.36E-03	5.47E-04	4.32E-04	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	5.19E-04	9.84E-05	0.00E+00	-1.80E-03
ADPm ¹	[kg Sb eq.]	1.98E-06	3.67E-08	4.58E-07	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	3.49E-08	4.57E-08	0.00E+00	-1.68E-06
ADPf ¹	[MJ]	8.73E+01	4.79E+00	3.94E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	4.55E+00	1.02E-01	0.00E+00	-7.72E+01
WDP ¹	[m ³ world eq. deprived]	2.18E-01	4.21E-03	1.11E-02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	4.00E-03	9.63E-03	0.00E+00	-2.18E-01
Caption	GWP-total = Glo biogenic; GWP	-luluc = Global tion – aquatic f	Warming Pote reshwater; EP	ential - land us -marine = Eutr	e and land use ophication – ad	e change; ODP quatic marine; rals and metal	= Ozone Depl EP-terrestrial =	etion; AP = Ac Eutrophicatio	cidifcation; EP-i n – terrestrial; l	reshwater = POCP =
Disclaimer	¹ The results of th	nis environmer	ntal indicator sł	nall be used wi	th care as the with the in		n these results	are high or as	there is limited	dexperienced

	ADDITIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS per m2 installed vapour barrier during 50 years												
Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D			
PM	[Disease incidence]	3.90E-08	3.90E-09	4.71E-09	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	3.71E-09	8.90E-10	0.00E+00	2.02E-08			
IRP ²	[kBq U235 eq.]	4.81E-01	1.38E-03	7.16E-03	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.31E-03	4.35E-04	0.00E+00	-4.67E-01			
ETP-fw ¹	[CTUe]	2.90E+01	3.38E+00	2.69E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	3.20E+00	1.75E-01	0.00E+00	-2.78E+01			
HTP-c ¹	[CTUh]	5.28E-10	6.96E-11	8.02E-11	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	6.61E-11	1.28E-11	0.00E+00	-5.04E-10			
HTP-nc ¹	[CTUh]	1.78E-08	3.87E-09	2.37E-09	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	3.67E-09	4.04E-10	0.00E+00	-1.77E-08			
SQP ¹	-	1.35E+01	2.01E+00	2.96E-01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.91E+00	5.33E-02	0.00E+00	-1.77E+01			
Caption	PM = Pa	articulate Matte			ation – human h oxicity – non car					city – cancer			
		¹ The results of this environmental indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experienced with the indicator.											
Disclaimers	² This impa effects o	due to possible	nuclear acciden	ts, occupational	ct of low dose ic exposure nor d d from some cor	ue to radioactive	e waste disposa	l in underground	d facilities. Poter	es not consider ntial ionizing			





caption primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources; PENRE = Use of non renewable primary energy excluding non renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRM = Use of non renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRT = Total use of non renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels; FW = Net use of fresh water

	WAST	TE CATEGO	DRIES AND	OUTPUT F	LOWS per	m2 installe	ed vapour k	barrier duri	ng 50 years	6
Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
HWD	[kg]	8.26E-03	3.51E-11	8.26E-05	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	3.33E-11	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	-8.00E-03
NHWD	[kg]	7.06E-02	7.93E-04	2.30E-03	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	7.53E-04	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	-6.99E-02
RWD	[kg]	1.14E-03	9.32E-06	1.36E-05	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	8.84E-06	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	-1.15E-03
CRU	[kg]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
MFR	[kg]	7.07E-02	0.00E+00	3.30E-02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	3.26E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
MER	[kg]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
EEE	[MJ]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	4.55E-02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	6.64E-01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
EET	[MJ]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	8.24E-02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.29E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Caption	HWD = H			IWD = Non haz terials for recyc						ponents for re-

BIOGENIC CARBON	BIOGENIC CARBON CONTENT per m2 installed vapour barrier during 50 years								
Parameter	Unit	At the factory gate							
Biogenic carbon content in product	[kg C]	0							
Biogenic carbon content in accompanying packaging	[kg C]	3.61E-02							
Note		1 kg biogenic carbon is equivalent to 44/12 kg of \mbox{CO}_2							

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Additional information

Technical information on scenarios

Transport to the building site (A4)

Scenario information	Value	Unit
Fuel type	Diesel	-
Vehicle type	Truck, 20 - 26t gross weight, Euro 0 - 6 mix	-
Transport distance	1230	km
Capacity utilisation (including empty runs)	55	%

Installation of the product in the building (A5)

Scenario information	Value	Unit
Wastage of construction products	0.03	kg
Water use	0	m ³
Other resource use	0	kg
Energy type and consumption	Propane, 0.30	kg
Output materials (for reuse)	0	kg

Reference service life

RSL information	
Reference service Life	50 years for building, 50 years for product
Declared product properties	Vapour barrier
Assumed quality of work	Instructions are available via: www.derbigum.dk/
Maintenance	-

Use (B1-B7)

Scenario information	Value	Unit
B1 – Use		
	No emissions	-
B2 - Maintenance		
Maintenance process	No maintenance	-
B3 — Repair		
Repair process	No repair	-
B4 – Replacement		
Replacement cycle	No replacement	-
B5 - Refurbishment		
Refurbishment process	No refurbishment	-
B6 + B7 – Use of energy and water		
Ancillary materials specified by material	None	-

End of life (C1-C4)

Scenario information	Value	Unit
Collected separately	3.26 (95%)	kg
Collected with mixed waste	0.17 (5%)	kg
For reuse	0 (0%)	kg
For recycling	3.26 (95%)	kg
For energy recovery	0.17 (5%)	kg
For final disposal	0 (0%)	kg
Assumptions for scenario development	Derbigum's international internal statistics and experience from the take back system	





Re-use, recovery and recycling potential (D)

Recycling	Value	Unit
Electricity leaving the system	0.729	MJ
Heat leaving the system	1.42	MJ
Material for recycling leaving the system	3.29	kg

Indoor air

The EPD does not give information on release of dangerous substances to indoor air because the horizontal standards on the relevant measurements are not available. Read more in EN15804+A1 chapter 7.4.1.

Soil and water

The EPD does not give information on release of dangerous substances to soil and water because the horizontal standards on the relevant measurements are not available. Read more in EN15804+A1 chapter 7.4.2.





References

Publisher	K epddanmark	
	www.epddanmark.dk Template version 2022.2	
Programme operator	Danish Technological Institute Buildings & Environment Gregersensvej DK-2630 Taastrup www.teknologisk.dk	
LCA-practitioner	Jonathan Klement, Yevgeniya Arushanyan and Niclas Silfverstrand Ramboll Sweden AB Email: <u>jonathan.klement@ramboll.se</u> <u>yevgeniya.arushanyan@ramboll.se</u> <u>niclas.silfverstrand@ramboll.se</u>	
LCA software /background data	GaBi 10.6.2.9 incl. data from GaBi Professional database 2022.2, Data on demand, ecoinvent version 3.8 and the Eurobitume, 2022 LCI profile version 3.1 with infrastructure.	
3 rd party verifier	<i>Linda Høibye Life Cycle Assessment Consulting Email: hoeibye@gmail.com</i>	





General programme instructions

General Programme Instructions, version 2.0, spring 2020 www.epddanmark.dk

EN 15804

DS/EN 15804 + A2:2019 - "Sustainability of construction works – Environmental product declarations – Core rules for the product category of construction products"

CEN/TR 16970:2016

CEN/TR 16970:2016 – "Sustainability of construction works – Guidance for the implementation of EN 15804" $\,$

Product-specific NPCR – EPD Norge

NPCR 022 version 2.0 (PCR - Part B for roof waterproofing)

EN 15942

DS/EN 15942:2011 – " Sustainability of construction works – Environmental product declarations – Communication format business-to-business"

ISO 14025

DS/EN ISO 14025:2010 – " Environmental labels and declarations – Type III environmental declarations – Principles and procedures"

ISO 14040

DS/EN ISO 14040:2008 – " Environmental management – Life cycle assessment – Principles and framework"

ISO 14044

DS/EN ISO 14044:2008 – " Environmental management – Life cycle assessment – Requirements and guidelines"

Eurobitume. (2022)

The Eurobitume Life-Cycle Inventory for bitumen, version 3.1. Brussels: European Bitumen Association. (used together with version 3.0)

Ramboll (2023)

LCA report for Derbicolor NT Patch and Derbicoat NT on the Danish market