



Owner: H+H Deutschland GmbH No.: MD-23057-EN

No.: MD-23057-EN Issued: 28-04-2023 Valid to: 28-04-2028

3rd PARTY **VERIFIED** 

# EPD

VERIFIED ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION | ISO 14025 & EN 15804







Owner of declaration

H+H Deutschland GmbH Industriestrasse 3 DE-23829 Wittenborn VAT: 13427089



**Programme** 

EPD Danmark www.epddanmark.dk



☐ Industry EPD ☒ Product EPD

Declared product(s)

The EPD covers an autoclaved aerated concrete walls with a dry density of 575  $\mbox{kg/m}^{3}$ 

Number of declared datasets/product variations: 1

**Production site** 

H+H production site in Germany

Address: Industriestrasse 3, DE-23829 Wittenborn, Germany

Product(s) use

H+H produce autoclaved aerated concrete (AAC) and sand-lime products and solutions primarily for walls in residential, industrial, and commercial construction.

Declared/ functional unit

1 m³ of installed autoclaved aerated concrete wall

Year of production site data (A3)

2021

**Issued:** 28-04-2023

**Valid to:** 28-04-2028

**Basis of calculation** 

This EPD is developed in accordance with the European standard EN 15804+A2.

Comparability

EPDs of construction products may not be comparable if they do not comply with the requirements in EN 15804. EPD data may not be comparable if the datasets used are not developed in accordance with EN 15804 and if the background systems are not based on the same database.

**Validity** 

This EPD has been verified in accordance with ISO 14025 and is valid for 5 years from the date of issue.

Use

The intended use of an EPD is to communicate scientifically based environmental information for construction products, for the purpose of assessing the environmental performance of buildings.

**EPD** type

□Cradle-to-gate with modules C1-C4 and D

 $\Box$ Cradle-to-gate with options, modules C1-C4 and D

□Cradle-to-gate

□Cradle-to-gate with options

CEN standard EN 15804 serves as the core PCR

Independent verification of the declaration and data, according to EN ISO 14025

 $\square$  internal

 $oxed{\boxtimes}$  external

Third party verifier:

Ninkie Bendtsen

Martha Katrine Sørensen EPD Danmark

Life	Life cycle stages and modules (MND = module not declared)															
Product Construction process					Use					End of life			Beyond the system boundary			
Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport	Installation process	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction demolition Transport Waste processing Disposal			sodsi	Re-use, recovery and recycling potential
A1	A2	А3	A4	A5	B1 B2 B3 B4 B5 B6 B7			C1	C2	C3	C4	D				
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X





## **Product information**

#### **Product description**

The main product components are shown in the table below.

Material	Weight-% of declared product
Anhydrite	2%
Aluminum paste	0.06%
Cement	12%
Corrosion protection	0.02%
Lime	9%
Mould oil	0,04%
Recycled AAC	2%
Reinforcement steel	2%
Sand	44%
Water	29%
Sum	100%

#### **Product packaging:**

The composition of the sales- and transport packaging of the product is shown in the table below.

Material	Weight-% of packaging
Foil	4,6%
Plastic stripes	2,4%
Corner protection	0,9%
Pallet	92,1%

#### Representativity

This declaration, including data collection and the modeled foreground system including results, represents the production of the autoclaved aerated concrete products on the production site located in Germany. Product specific data are based on average values collected in the year 2021. Background data are based on the GaBi LCA software and are less than 10 years old. Generally, the used background datasets are of high quality, and the majority of the datasets are only a couple of years old.

#### **Hazardous substances**

The autoclaved aerated concrete products from H+H does not contain substances listed on the "Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for authorisation"

(http://echa.europa.eu/candidate-list-table)

#### **Essential characteristics**

The autoclaved aerated concrete wall element is covered by harmonised technical specification EN 12602 and for the EPD it follows EN 15804. Declaration of performance according to EU regulation 305/2011 is available for all declared product variations.

Further technical information can be obtained by contacting the manufacturer or on the manufacturer's website:

#### https://www.hplush.dk

Reference Service Life (RSL)

The reference service life (RSL) of the product is set to 80 years.

#### Picture of product(s)

Below is shown photos of autoclaved aerated concrete wall.



Configuration with plain surface





## LCA background

#### **Declared unit**

The LCI and LCIA results in this EPD relates to  $1 \, \text{m}^3$  of autoclaved aerated concrete wall panel with a construction waste percentage of 2%.

Name	AAC 575
Declared unit, m <sup>3</sup>	1
Total density per product at the	811
factory gate, kg/m³	
Conversion factor to 1 kg	0.0012

Dry density per product, kg/m <sup>3</sup>	575
Total density per product for	595
demolition, kg/m <sup>3</sup>	

<sup>\*</sup>As the water content of the aerated concrete wall panels change during their respective lifetime, the density of the dry product and of the demolished product is also provided below.

#### **Functional unit**

Not defined.

#### **PCR**

This EPD is developed according to the core rules for the product category of construction products in EN 15804 version A2:2019 and cPCR EN 16757:2022 Product Category Rules for concrete and concrete elements.

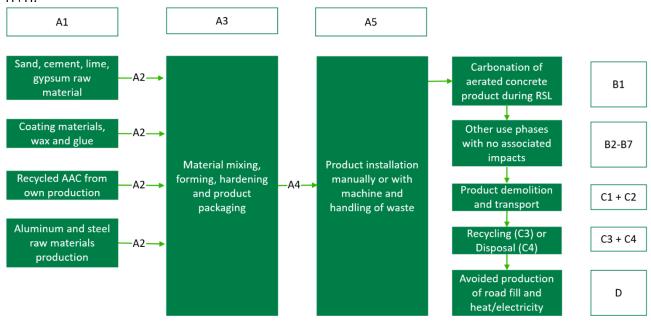
#### **Guarantee of Origin - certificates**

No guarantees of origin or certificated are used for green electricity or energy production.

For modelling energy production, the country specific residual mix is used, in accordance with the recommendations from EPD Denmark

#### **Flowdiagram**

The process diagram below represents the life cycle of an autoclaved aerated concrete product from H+H.







**System boundary** 

This EPD is based on a cradle-to-gate LCA, in which 100 weight-% has been accounted for.

The general rules for the exclusion of inputs and outputs follows the requirements in EN 15804, 6.3.5, where the total of neglected input flows per module shall be a maximum of 5 % of energy usage and mass and 1 % of energy usage and mass for unit processes.

#### Product stage (A1-A3) includes:

A1 - Extraction and processing of raw materials

A2 - Transport to the production site

A3 - Manufacturing processes

The product stage comprises the acquisition of all raw materials, products and energy, transport to the production site, packaging and waste processing up to the "end-of-waste" state or final disposal. The LCA results are declared in aggregated form for the product stage, which means, that the sub-modules A1, A2 and A3 are declared as one module A1-A3.

The raw materials used in the production of the autoclaved aerated concrete element has been pre-treated, manufactured, and provided by suppliers. These materials are then dosed and mixed in the mixer to form an aqueous suspension. The mixture is poured into casting moulds, where air pores are created with chemical reactions. The homogeneous structure is exposed to a saturated steam atmosphere to form specific characteristic properties for the autoclaved aerated concrete products.

# Construction process stage (A4-A5) includes:

A4 – transport to the building site

A5 – installation into the building

This includes the provision of all materials, products and energy, as well as waste processing up to the end-of-waste state or disposal of final residues during the construction process stage. The autoclaved aerated concrete wall panel is installed in Europe.

The autoclaved aerated concrete wall elements are installed using a battery powered electrohydraulic machine from H+H.

A flat amount of construction waste is assumed for all products equal to 2%, which is added to the output from the production. The declared product is thus the inclusion of the construction waste in the product.

#### Use stage (B1-B7) includes:

The use stage, related to the building fabric includes:

B1 - use or application of the installed product

B2 - maintenance

B3 - repair

B4 - replacement

B5 - refurbishment

The use stage take place in Europe and are related to the operation of the building includes:

B6 - operational energy use

B7 - operational water use

These information modules include provision and transport of all materials, products, as well as energy and water provisions, waste processing up to the end-of-waste state or disposal of final residues during this part of the use stage.

According to the cPCR these modules do in general not generate relevant environmental impacts and are therefore neglected.

For B1  $CO_2$ -uptake from carbonation has been calculated based on the reactive CaO specifications on each product and the rate of carbonation set to 95%.

Additionally, the autoclaved aerated concrete wall panel contain water that is evaporated during the use phase until each wall panel is in moisture equilibrium with the surrounding atmosphere.

#### End of Life (C1-C4) includes:

C1 - de-construction, demolition

C2 - transport to waste processing

C3 - waste processing for reuse, recovery and/or recycling

C4 – disposal

The autoclaved aerated concrete products are assumed demolished using an excavator (C1). Impacts are accounted for in the form of diesel consumption from the excavator used for





demolition, sorting, placement, and additional crushing of autoclaved aerated concrete waste elements in large piles and loading of concrete waste onto a semi-trailer used for the waste transport.

At the recycling facility the autoclaved aerated concrete is crushed (C3), where after 95% are recycled and used as road fill. The remaining 5% of the autoclaved aerated concrete is sent to a local landfill (C4)

# Re-use, recovery, and recycling potential (D) includes:

Module D includes the reuse, recovery and/or recycling potentials, expressed as net impacts and benefits. These included the energy produced in A5 (incineration of packaging) and substitution of gravel from the recycling of crushed product, however, only the quantity of the product which constitutes primary material. The added recycled materials in the products have not been credited in D.





## LCA results

The tables below cover the H+H wall panels with a dry density of 575 kg/m<sup>3</sup>.

	ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS PER PRODUKT PER M <sup>3</sup>										
Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP-total	[kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq.]	2,13E+02	6,41E+01	3,62E+00	-9,46E+01	0,00E+00	5,77E+00	4,54E+00	6,41E+00	2,59E-01	-2,65E+00
GWP-fossil	[kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq.]	2,13E+02	6,34E+01	2,90E+00	-9,46E+01	0,00E+00	5,74E+00	4,49E+00	6,35E+00	2,66E-01	-2,67E+00
GWP-bio	[kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq.]	-2,12E-01	2,66E-01	7,27E-01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,26E-03	1,88E-02	1,75E-02	-7,89E-03	2,02E-02
GWP-luluc	[kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq.]	5,22E-02	4,34E-01	6,56E-04	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	2,91E-02	3,08E-02	3,69E-02	4,92E-04	-3,15E-03
ODP	[kg CFC 11 eq.]	2,75E-07	6,33E-12	6,51E-13	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	4,23E-13	4,49E-13	5,37E-13	6,26E-13	-1,29E-11
AP	[mol H <sup>+</sup> eq.]	1,72E-01	7,20E-02	1,12E-03	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	2,78E-02	5,10E-03	1,41E-02	1,89E-03	-7,34E-03
EP-fw	[kg PO <sub>4</sub> eq.]	1,60E-04	2,30E-04	4,83E-07	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,54E-05	1,63E-05	1,95E-05	4,52E-07	-5,58E-06
EP-mar	[kg N eq.]	5,35E-02	2,32E-02	3,37E-04	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,32E-02	1,64E-03	6,04E-03	4,83E-04	-2,52E-03
EP-ter	[mol N eq.]	5,86E-01	2,78E-01	5,09E-03	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,46E-01	1,97E-02	6,81E-02	5,31E-03	-2,77E-02
POCP	[kg NMVOC eq.]	1,53E-01	6,20E-02	8,88E-04	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	3,69E-02	4,39E-03	1,66E-02	1,47E-03	-6,95E-03
ADP-mm <sup>1</sup>	[kg Sb eq.]	1,32E-05	6,50E-06	2,40E-08	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	4,35E-07	4,61E-07	5,51E-07	2,73E-08	-3,17E-07
ADP-fos <sup>1</sup>	[MJ]	1,16E+03	8,46E+02	2,41E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	5,66E+01	6,00E+01	7,18E+01	3,49E+00	-4,46E+01
WDP <sup>1</sup>	[m <sup>3</sup> ]	3,54E+00	7,21E-01	3,66E-01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	4,82E-02	5,11E-02	6,12E-02	2,92E-02	-1,83E-01
	,	Warming Po	tential - biog	enic; GWP-l	al - total; GW luluc = Globa	I Warming P	otential - lar	id use and la	and use cha	nge; ODP =	Ozone
Caption					water = Eutro						
	marine; EP-terrestrial = Eutrophication – terrestrial; POCP = Photochemical zone formation; ADPm = Abiotic Depletion Potential – minerals and metals; ADPf = Abiotic Depletion Potential – fossil fuels; WDP = water use										
Disclaimer	<sup>1</sup> The	results of th	is environm	ental indicat	or shall be us limited exp		e as the unce ith the indica		these result	s are high or	as there is

		AD	DITIONAL E	ENVIRONME	ENTAL EFF	ECTS PER I	PRODUKT F	PER M <sup>3</sup>			
Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
РМ	[Disease incidence]	3,73E-06	4,95E-07	6,77E-09	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	3,19E-07	3,51E-08	1,40E-07	2,32E-08	-3,55E-07
IRP2	[kBq U235 eq.]	3,45E+00	2,38E-01	8,59E-03	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,59E-02	1,69E-02	2,02E-02	4,32E-03	-5,28E-01
ETP-fw1	[CTUe]	2,99E+02	6,00E+02	1,32E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	4,01E+01	4,25E+01	5,09E+01	1,96E+00	-1,40E+01
HTP-c1	[CTUh]	2,67E-08	1,24E-08	6,06E-11	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	8,27E-10	8,76E-10	1,05E-09	2,98E-10	-9,21E-10
HTP-nc1	[CTUh]	2,21E-06	6,71E-07	3,94E-09	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	5,43E-08	4,75E-08	6,02E-08	3,30E-08	-8,31E-08
SQP1	-	4,20E+02	3,58E+02	8,11E-01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	2,40E+01	2,54E+01	3,04E+01	7,26E-01	-6,42E+00
Caption		/I = Particula Human toxid									
Disclaimers	<sup>1</sup> The	results of th	is environme	ental indicato			e as the unce ith the indica		these result	s are high or	as there is
	<sup>2</sup> This	s impact cate	egory deals r	nainly with tl	ne eventual	impact of lov	v dose ionizi	ng radiation	on human h	ealth of the i	nuclear fuel
		cle. It does r									
	dispo	sal in under	ground facilit	ies. Potentia					from some of	construction	materials is
					also not	measured by	y this indicat	or.			

			RESSOL	JRCE CONS	SUMPTION	PER PRODU	JKT PER M	3			
Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
PERE	[MJ]	9,45E+01	5,87E+01	3,74E-01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	3,92E+00	4,16E+00	4,98E+00	5,24E-01	-7,21E+00
PERM	[MJ]	1,57E+02	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
PERT	[MJ]	2,29E+02	5,87E+01	3,74E-01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	3,92E+00	4,16E+00	4,98E+00	5,24E-01	-7,21E+00
PENRE	[MJ]	1,13E+03	8,50E+02	2,41E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	5,68E+01	6,02E+01	7,21E+01	3,49E+00	-4,46E+01
PENRM	[MJ]	5,04E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
PENRT	[MJ]	1,16E+03	8,50E+02	2,41E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	5,68E+01	6,02E+01	7,21E+01	3,49E+00	-4,46E+01
SM	[kg]	2,62E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
RSF	[MJ]	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
NRSF	[MJ]	3,53E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
FW	[m <sup>3</sup> ]	1,18E+00	6,78E-02	8,73E-03	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	4,53E-03	4,80E-03	5,75E-03	8,87E-04	-8,49E-03
Caption	of I PEN PE	renewable p NRE = Use o ENRM = Use	rimary energ f non-renew of non-rene	y resources able primary wable prima M = Use of	used as raw energy exc ry energy re	materials; fluding non-re sources use naterial; RSF	PERT = Total enewable pri ed as raw ma f = Use of re	Il use of rend imary energo Iterials; PEN newable sec	ewable prima y resources IRT = Total u condary fuels	materials; P ary energy re used as raw use of non-re s; NRSF = Us	esources; materials; enewable





	WASTE CATEGORIES AND OUTPUT FLOWS PER PRODUKT PER M <sup>3</sup>											
Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2-B7	C1	C2	С3	C4	D	
HWD	[kg]	1,14E-03	4,50E-09	1,21E-10	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	3,01E-10	3,19E-10	3,81E-10	1,79E-10	-4,34E-09	
NHWD	[kg]	1,43E+01	1,38E-01	4,34E-01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	9,26E-03	9,81E-03	1,17E-02	1,79E+01	-2,38E+01	
RWD	[kg]	2,88E-02	1,58E-03	6,75E-05	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,05E-04	1,12E-04	1,34E-04	3,89E-05	-3,44E-03	
CRU	[kg]	0,00E+00										
MFR	[kg]	1,10E+00	0,00E+00	1,18E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	5,77E+02	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	
MER	[kg]	0,00E-00	0,00E+00									
EEE	[MJ]	1,27E+00	0,00E+00									
EET	[MJ]	3,00E+00	0,00E+00									
Caption	HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non-hazardous waste disposed; RWD = Radioactive waste disposed; CRU =  Components for re-use; MFR = Materials for recycling; MER = Materials for energy recovery; EEE = Exported electrical  energy; EET = Exported thermal energy											

BIOGENIC CARBON CONTENT PER PRODUKT PER M <sup>3</sup>								
Parameter	Unit	At the factory gate						
Biogenic carbon content in product	kg C	5,80E-01						
Biogenic carbon content in accompanying packaging	kg C	4,68E-00						





## Additional information

#### **LCA** interpretation

LCIA are relative expressions and do not predict impacts category endpoints, the exceeding of thresholds, safety margins or risks. To understand which processes, contribute the most to the overall impacts, a process contribution analysis was conducted. In the tables presented below, the processes contributing the most to each specific impact category is presented.

Impact Category	Unit	Maximum contribution on category	% of category	Process				
GWP-total	[kg CO2 eq.]	85,52	43%	A1: Lime				
GWP-fossil	[kg CO2 eq.]	85,47	43%	AI. Line				
GWP-bio emission	[kg CO2 eq.]	1,06	128%	A2. Declaries				
GWP-bio uptake	[kg CO2 eq.]	-1,08	-130%	A3: Packaging				
GWP-luluc	[kg CO2 eq.]	0,314	54%	A4: Transport to the construction site				
ODP	[kg CFC 11 eq.]	2,66E-07	97%	A1: Mould oil				
AP	[mol H+ eq.]	0,0521	18%					
EP-fw	[kg PO4 eq.]	0,0002	38%					
EP-mar	[kg N eq.]	0,0168	17%					
EP-ter	[mol N eq.]	0,2007	19%	A4: Transport to the construction site				
POCP	[kg NMVOC eq.]	0,0448	17%					
ADP-mm	[kg Sb eq.]	0,0000	23%					
ADP-fos	[MJ]	611,80	28%					
WDP	[m3]	0,99	21%	A3: Water				

Most of the environmental impacts come from the production of raw materials in module A1. The results show that the transport to the construction site is the dominating process in most of the environmental impact categories that is dominant process. The transport contributes between 17% and 54% to the total impacts. The production of lime makes up 43% of the total Climate Change impacts.

The results are relative contributions. Some processes have a summarized negative result despite individual processes contributing positively to the impact category. This result in some percentages reaching below 0% and above 100%.





#### **Technical information on scenarios**

Transport to the building site (A4)

Scenario information	Value	Unit
Fuel type	Diesel (0,021 l/tkm)	-
Vehicle type	Euro 6, 28 - 32t gross weight / 22t payload capacity	•
Transport distance	1000	km
Capacity utilisation (including empty runs)	61	%
Gross density of products transported	-	kg/m³
Capacity utilisation volume factor	1	-

Installation of the product in the building (A5)

Scenario information	AC 575	Unit
Waste materials (autoclaved aerated concrete wall)	11	kg
Waste materials (packaging)	1	kg

#### Reference service life

Action chief bei vice in c		
RSL information	Unit	
Reference service Life	80 Years	
Declared product properties		
Design application parameters	Technical specifications and guidance can be obtained	
Assumed quality of work		
Outdoor environment	from direct contact to H+H at Nordics: +45 7024 0050 Germany: +49 4554 7000	
Indoor environment		
Usage conditions		
Maintenance		

Use (B1-B7)

Scenario information	AC 575	Unit
B1 – Use		
Carbonation	94,6	kg CO₂-eq

End of life (C1-C4)

Scenario information	AC 575	Unit
Collected separately	595	kg
Collected with mixed waste	0	kg
For reuse	0	kg
For recycling	577	kg
For energy recovery	0	kg
For final disposal	18	kg
Assumptions for scenario development	Assumed dismantled using an excavator.	

Re-use, recovery, and recycling potential (D)

Scenario information/Materiel	AC 575	Unit
Roadfill	560	kg

#### **Indoor air**

The EPD does not give information on release of dangerous substances to indoor air because the horizontal standards on the relevant measurements are not available. Read more in EN15804+A2 chapter 7.4.1.

#### Soil and water

The EPD does not give information on release of dangerous substances to soil and water because the horizontal standards on the relevant measurements are not available. Read more in EN15804+A2 chapter 7.4.2.





## References

Publisher	www.epddanmark.dk
Programme operator	Danish Technological Institute Buildings & Environment Gregersensvej DK-2630 Taastrup www.teknologisk.dk
LCA-practitioner	Asger Alexander Wendt Karl & Maria Preilev Hansen Danish Technological Institute Buildings & Environment Gregersensvej DK-2630 Taastrup www.teknologisk.dk
LCA software /background data	Thinkstep GaBi 10.6 Database version 2021.2 www.gabi-software.com
3 <sup>rd</sup> party verifier	Ninkie Bendtsen NIRAS A/S Sortemosevej 19 DK-3450 Allerød www.niras.dk

#### **General programme instructions**

General Programme Instructions, version 2.0, spring 2020, www.epddanmark.dk **EN 15804** 

DS/EN 15804 + A2:2019 - "Sustainability of construction works - Environmental product declarations - Core rules for the product category of construction products"

#### EN 16757

DS/EN 16757:2022 - "Bæredygtighed indenfor byggeri og anlæg - Miljøvaredeklarationer - Produktkategoriregler for beton og betonelementer"

#### EN 15942

DS/EN 15942:2011 – " Sustainability of construction works – Environmental product declarations – Communication format business-to-business"

#### ISO 14025

DS/EN ISO 14025:2010 – " Environmental labels and declarations – Type III environmental declarations – Principles and procedures"

#### ISO 14040

DS/EN ISO 14040:2008 – " Environmental management – Life cycle assessment – Principles and framework"

#### ISO 14044

DS/EN ISO 14044:2008 – " Environmental management – Life cycle assessment – Requirements and guidelines"