



Owner: No.: Issued: Valid to:

Harris ApS MD-23026-EN 27-06-2023 27-06-2028

3rd PARTY VERIFIED



VERIFIED ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION | ISO 14025 & EN 15804







Valid to:

27-06-2028

Owner of declaration

Harris ApS Birkedommervej 31, 2. sal 2400 København NV CVR: 39295490

Program

EPD Danmark www.epddanmark.dk

 \Box Industry EPD \boxtimes Product EPD

Declared product(s)

Reused clinker bricks for different pavement types.

Number of declared datasets/product variations: 1

Product(s) use

The reused clinker bricks are used in different pavement types ranging from industrial areas with heavy traffic to street and garden environments.

Declared/ functional unit

1 tonne of reused clinker bricks in various dimensions.

Year of production site data 1/1-2022 – 31/12-2022.

EPD version Version 1

Kepddanmark

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EPDs of construction products may not be comparable if they do not comply with the requirements in EN 15804. EPD data may not be comparable if the datasets used are not developed in accordance with EN 15804, and if the background systems are not based on the same database.

This EPD is developed in accordance with the European

standard EN 15804+A2 and PCR from Tiles and Bricks

Validity

Issued:

Europe.

Comparability

27-06-2023

Basis of calculation

This EPD has been verified in accordance with ISO 14025 and is valid for 5 years from the date of issue.

Use

The intended use of an EPD is to communicate scientifically based environmental information for construction products, for the purpose of assessing the environmental performance of buildings.

EPD type

Cradle-to-gate with modules C1-C4 and D
Cradle-to-gate with options, modules C1-C4 and D
Cradle-to-grave and module D
Cradle-to-gate
Cradle-to-gate with options

CEN standard EN 15804 serves as the core PCR

Independent verification of the declaration and data, according to EN ISO 14025

□ internal



⊠ external

Martha Katrine Sørensen EPD Danmark

Life	cycle	stage	es and	d mod	ules (MND	= mc	dule	not d	eclare	ed)					
	Produc	t		ruction cess		Use			End of life			Beyond the system boundary				
Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport	Installation process	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De- construction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Re-use, recovery and recycling potential
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	С3	C4	D
X	X	X	x	x	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	X	X	X	X	x



Product information

Product description

The main product components are shown in the table below.

Material	Weight-% of declared product
Reused clinker bricks	100

Product packaging

The composition of the sales- and transport packaging of the product is shown in the table below.

Material	Kg	Weight-% of packaging			
Wooden pallets	1.502	60			
Foil	0.99	39			
Cardboard	0.03	1			
Total	2.52	100			

Representativity

This declaration, including data collection and the modeled foreground system including results, represents the delivery of one tonne of reused clinker bricks from the stock site in Spijk in the Netherlands to Denmark where the geographic coverage is Denmark. Product specific data is based on average values collected in the period between January 2022 and December 2022. Background data is based on the ecoinvent 3.9 database (2022) and is less than 10 years old. Generally, the used background datasets are of high quality, and the majority of the datasets are only a couple of years old. **Hazardous substances**

Harris' clinker bricks do not contain substances listed on the "Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for authorization".

(http://echa.europa.eu/candidate-list-table)

Essential characteristics

Technical information is stated on Harris' website (<u>https://harris.dk/</u>) or can be obtained by contacting Harris.

Picture of product





LCA background

Declared unit

The LCI and LCIA results in this EPD relate to one tonne of reused clinker bricks.

Name	Value	Unit
Declared unit	1	tonne
Density	2331.8	kg/m ³
Conversion factor to 1 kg.	0.001	-

PCR

This EPD is developed according to the core rules for the product category of construction products in EN 15804+A2 and the PCR by Tiles & Bricks Europe (2020).

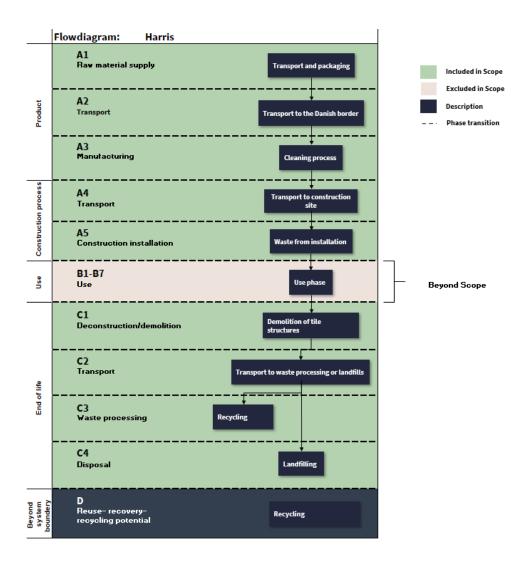
Flowdiagram

Guarantee of Origin – certificates and electricity modelling

Foreground system:

No certificates for green electricity are included in the model. Background system:

Upstream processes are modelled using a grid mix. Downstream processes are also modelled using a grid mix.





System boundary

This EPD is based on a cradle-to-grave LCA with options (A4+A5), modules A1-A3, A4-A5, C1-C4 and D, in which 100% weight has been accounted for.

The general rules for the exclusion of inputs and outputs follow the requirements in EN 15804, 6.3.5, where the total of neglected input flows per module shall be a maximum of 5 % of energy usage and mass for unit processes. Also, the cut-off for exclusion at 1% of the renewable and non-renewable primary energy usage, as well as 1% of the total mass input for that specific unit process cf. EN 15804:2012+A2:2019, 6.3.6 is applicable.

The reused clinker bricks originate from demolition waste and renovation projects. In this EPD, the environmental impacts of the original clinker bricks regarding production have not been included, in accordance with EN 15804.

Product stage (A1-A3) includes:

- A1 Aquisition and processing of raw materials
- A2 Transport to the production site
- A3 Manufacturing processes

The product stage comprises the acquisition of all raw materials, products and energy, transport to the stock site, packaging, and waste processing up to the "end-of-waste" state or final disposal. This entails the waste of clinker bricks from Holland, where a 10% wastage is included. The clinker bricks that are not reused directly, are sent to recycling to be used for road filling. The LCA results are declared in aggregated form for the product stage, which means, that the submodules A1, A2, and A3 are declared as one module A1-A3.

The production of clinker bricks is allocated to new clinker bricks. Therefore, reused clinker bricks do not have an environmental impact in A3.

The clinker bricks are sorted at the demolition sites as a part of the waste treatment from

demolition and renovation projects. They are transported directly to a stock site in Holland. Subsequently the clinker bricks are transported to Padborg and then to different building sites in Denmark. The transportation in A2 includes only the transportation from the stock site to Padborg.

Construction process stage (A4-A5) includes:

Harris delivers used clinker bricks to customers around Denmark. The estimated distance included in A4 is 397 km – the longest route in Denmark used as worst case scenario. The construction process consists of the waste related to the packaging of the reused clinker bricks. No energy is required during the installation process of the used clinker bricks as they are installed manually.

End of Life (C1-C4) includes:

The end-of-life stage comprises the transport and processing of material for disposal and recycling.

The PCR by Tiles & Bricks Europe (2020) states that environmental impacts attributed to module C1 are very low, hence can be ignored.

. The transportation distances are based upon the scenario established in the PCR by TBE.

End-of-Life Scenario, Denmark	Proportion (%)
Recycling	99
Landfilling	1

Re-use, recovery, and recycling potential (D) includes:

It is assumed that the reused clinker bricks are crushed after use and substitute the use of new gravel made from virgin stone materials.



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LCA results

	EN	VIRONMEN	TAL IMPAC	TS PER TO	NNE OF RE	USED CLIN	IKER BRICI	KS			
Indicator	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D		
GWP-total	kg CO₂ eq.	9.83E+01	7.45E+01	2.44E+01	0.00E+00	7.22E+00	3.53E+00	1.31E-01	-9.16E+00		
GWP-fossil	kg CO2 eq.	1.23E+02	7.44E+01	3.54E-01	0.00E+00	7.21E+00	3.53E+00	1.31E-01	-9.13E+00		
GWP-biogenic	kg CO2 eq.	-2.48E+01	6.82E-02	2.48E+01	0.00E+00	6.60E-03	8.09E-04	9.93E-05	-2.47E-02		
GWP-luluc	kg CO ₂ eq.	6.41E-02	3.67E-02	2.40E-04	0.00E+00	3.56E-03	3.97E-04	1.58E-04	-9.19E-03		
ODP	kg CFC 11 eq.	2.63E-06	1.62E-06	3.17E-09	0.00E+00	1.57E-07	5.61E-08	2.90E-09	-8.56E-08		
AP	mol H⁺ eq.	2.79E-01	1.63E-01	7.47E-04	0.00E+00	1.58E-02	3.27E-02	9.78E-04	-5.64E-02		
EP-freshwater	kg P eq.	9.40E-03	5.29E-03	3.81E-05	0.00E+00	5.12E-04	1.08E-04	9.75E-06	-3.10E-03		
EP-marine	kg N eq.	7.05E-02	4.10E-02	2.72E-04	0.00E+00	3.97E-03	1.52E-02	4.02E-04	-1.33E-02		
EP-terrestrial	mol N eq.	7.18E-01	4.17E-01	1.91E-03	0.00E+00	4.04E-02	1.65E-01	4.32E-03	-1.60E-01		
POCP	kg NMVOC eq.	4.25E-01	2.53E-01	8.70E-04	0.00E+00	2.45E-02	4.88E-02	1.40E-03	-4.50E-02		
ADPm ¹	kg Sb eq.	4.02E-04	2.43E-04	1.28E-06	0.00E+00	2.36E-05	1.23E-06	2.01E-07	-4.77E-05		
ADPf ¹	MJ	1.79E+03	1.06E+03	3.51E+00	0.00E+00	1.02E+02	4.62E+01	2.46E+00	-1.13E+02		
WDP ¹	m ³ world eq. deprived	8.33E+00	4.36E+00	6.36E-02	0.00E+00	4.22E-01	9.95E-02	7.07E-02	-1.31E+01		
Caption		GWP-total = Global Warming Potential - total; GWP-fossil = Global Warming Potential - fossil fuels; GWP-biogenic = Global Warming Potential - biogenic; GWP-luluc = Global Warming Potential - land use and land use change; ODP = Ozone Depletion; AP = Acidifcation;									
		EP-freshwater = Eutrophication – aquatic freshwater; EP-marine = Eutrophication – aquatic marine; EP-terrestrial = Eutrophication – terrestrial; POCP = Photochemical zone formation; ADPm = Abiotic Depletion Potential – minerals and metals; ADPf = Abiotic Depletion Potential – fossil fuels; WDP = water use									
Discla	imer	¹ The results of	f this environm		shall be used limited experi			s on these resu	ılts are high,		

	ADDITION	AL ENVIR	ONMENTAL	IMPACTS	PER TONN	IE OF REUS	SED CLINK	ER BRICKS	5
Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
PM	[Disease incidence]	9.87E-06	5.55E-06	1.86E-08	0.00E+00	5.37E-07	8.27E-06	9.72E-08	-8.23E-07
IRP ²	[kq U235 eq.]	2.60E+00	1.43E+00	1.34E-02	0.00E+00	1.39E-01	2.19E-02	1.77E-03	-9.36E-01
ETP-fw ¹	[CTUe]	1.70E+03	1.04E+03	2.66E+00	0.00E+00	1.01E+02	4.41E+01	2.57E+00	-7.41E+01

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HTP-c ¹	[CTUh]	1.16E-07	6.78E-08	6.24E-10	0.00E+00	6.57E-09	2.16E-09	1.15E-10	-1.52E-08			
HTP-nc ¹	[CTUh]	2.46E-06	1.50E-06	6.28E-10	0.00E+00	1.45E-07	1.50E-08	1.56E-09	-1.94E-07			
SQP ¹	-	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA			
Caption		PM = Particulate Matter emissions; IRP = Ionizing radiation – human health; ETP-fw = Eco toxicity – freshwater; HTP-c = Human toxicity – cancer effects; HTP-nc = Human toxicity – non cancer effects; SQP = Soil Quality; INC = Indicator not assessed										
	¹ The results o	¹ The results of this environmental indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experienced with the indicator.										
Disclaimers	cycle. It do	This impact category deals mainly with the eventual impact of low dose ionizing radiation on human health of the nuclear fuel cycle. It does not consider effects due to possible nuclear accidents, occupational exposure nor due to radioactive waste isposal in underground facilities. Potential ionizing radiation from the soil, from radon and from some construction materials is also not measured by this indicator.										

		RES	SOURCE USI	E PER TONI	NE OF REUS	ED CLINKE	R BRICKS		
Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
PERE	[MJ]	6.14E+01	1.66E+01	1.81E-01	0.00E+00	1.61E+00	2.63E-01	2.52E-02	-1.01E+01
PERM	[MJ]	4.03E+02	0.00E+00	1.95E+02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
PERT	[MJ]	6.14E+01	1.66E+01	1.95E+02	0.00E+00	1.61E+00	2.63E-01	2.52E-02	-1.01E+01
PENRE	[MJ]	1.79E+03	1.06E+03	3.51E+00	0.00E+00	1.02E+02	4.62E+01	2.46E+00	-1.13E+02
PENRM	[MJ]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	4.21E+01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
PENRT	[MJ]	1.79E+03	1.06E+03	3.86E+01	0.00E+00	1.02E+02	4.62E+01	2.46E+00	-1.13E+02
SM	[kg]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
RSF	[MJ]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
NRSF	[MJ]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
FW	[m³]	2.76E-01	1.52E-01	1.72E-03	0.00E+00	1.86E-02	3.63E-03	1.77E-03	-3.77E-01
Caption	PERE = Use of primary renewable energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials. PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials. PERT = Total Use of renewable primary energy resources. PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources used as								

	WASTE CATEGORIES AND OUTPUT FLOWS PER TONNE OF REUSED CLINKER BRICKS								
Paramete	rUnit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
HWD	[kg]	1.09E-02	6.72E-03	1.22E-05	0.00E+00	6.51E-04	3.11E-04	1.42E-05	-4.23E-04
NHWD	[kg]	8.46E+01	5.25E+01	1.68E-01	0.00E+00	5.08E+00	6.61E-02	1.00E+01	-1.93E+00
RWD	[kg]	6.36E-04	3.47E-04	3.39E-06	0.00E+00	3.36E-05	5.06E-06	4.18E-07	-2.28E-04



CRU	[kg]	0.00E+00							
MFR	[kg]	1.00E+02	0.00E+00	9.90E-01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	9.90E+02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
MER	[kg]	0.00E+00							
EEE	[MJ]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.35E+01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
EET	[MJ]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	4.22E+01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Caption	HWD = Hazardous waste disposed. NHWD = Non-hazardous waste disposed. RWD = Radioactive waste disposed. CRU = Components for re-use; MFR = Materials for recycling. MER = Materials for energy recovery. EEE = Exported electrical								

energy. EET = Exported thermal energy

		BIOGENIC CARBON CONTENT PER TONNE
Parameter	Unit	At the factory gate
Biogenic carbon content in product	[kg C]	0
Biogenic carbon content in accompanying packaging	[kg C]	6.76
Note		1 kg biogenic carbon is equivalent to 44/12 kg of CO_2

Additional information

Technical information on scenarios

Transport to the building site (A4)

Scenario information	Value	Unit
Fuel type	Diesel	-
Vehicle type	Lorry, 16–32 tonnes, EURO5 & EURO6	-
Transport distance	397	km

Installation of the product in the building (A5)

Scenario information	Value	Unit
Waste Material, wood pallets	1.5	kg
Waste Material, foil	0.99	kg

End of life (C1-C4)

1000	kg
0	kg
0	kg
990	kg
0	kg
10	kg
	0

Scenario information/Materiel	Value	Unit





Crushed clinker bricks (used as gravel) 990 kg			
J	Crushed clinker bricks (used as gravel)	990	kg

Indoor air

The EPD does not give information on release of dangerous substances to indoor air because the horizontal standards on the relevant measurements are not available. Read more in EN15804+A1 chapter 7.4.1.

Soil and water

The EPD does not give information on release of dangerous substances to soil and water because the horizontal standards on the relevant measurements are not available. Read more in EN15804+A1 chapter 7.4.2.



References

Publisher	K epddanmark
	www.epddanmark.dk Template version 2022.2
Program operator	Danish Technological Institute Buildings & Environment Gregersensvej DK-2630 Taastrup www.teknologisk.dk
LCA-practitioner	Transition ApS Mariane Thomsensgade 2F, 11. 8000 Aarhus C Att.: Lukas Blander Enevoldsen, Astrid Larsen, Annika Karmann, and Kristine Holse Hansen
LCA software /background data	Simapro 9.5 / ecoinvent v. 3.9 database
3 rd party verifier	Linda Høibye Life Cycle Assessment Consulting

General program instructions

General Program Instructions, version 2.0, spring 2020 www.epddanmark.dk

EN 15804

DS/EN 15804 + A2:2019 -" Sustainability of construction works – Environmental product declarations – Core rules for the product category of construction products"

PCR

Tiles & Bricks Europe (2020) PCR for Clay Construction Products – "Guidance document for developing an EPD"

EN 15942

DS/EN 15942:2011 –" Sustainability of construction works – Environmental product declarations – Communication format business-to-business"

ISO 14025

DS/EN ISO 14025:2010 –" Environmental labels and declarations – Type III environmental declarations – Principles and procedures"

ISO 14040

DS/EN ISO 14040:2008 –" Environmental management – Life cycle assessment – Principles and framework"





ISO 14044

DS/EN ISO 14044:2008 –" Environmental management – Life cycle assessment – Requirements and guidelines"